112H503

(Original Signature of Member)
113TH CONGRESS H.R.
To provide whistleblower protections to certain workers in the offshore oil and gas industry.
IN THE HOUSE OF REPRESENTATIVES
Mr. George Miller of California (for himself, Mr. Markey, Mr. Courtney, and Mr. Holt) introduced the following bill; which was referred to the Committee on
A BILL  To provide whistleblower protections to certain workers in
the offshore oil and gas industry.

- 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
- 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
- 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
- 4 This Act may be cited as the "Offshore Oil and Gas
- 5 Worker Whistleblower Protection Act of 2013".
- 6 SEC. 2. WHISTLEBLOWER PROTECTIONS; EMPLOYEE PRO-
- 7 TECTION FROM OTHER RETALIATION.
- 8 (a) Prohibition Against Retaliation.—

1	(1) In general.—No employer may discharge
2	or otherwise discriminate against a covered employee
3	because the covered employee, whether at the cov-
4	ered employee's initiative or in the ordinary course
5	of the covered employee's duties—
6	(A) provided, caused to be provided, or is
7	about to provide or cause to be provided to the
8	employer or to a Federal or State Government
9	official, information relating to any violation of,
10	or any act or omission the covered employee
11	reasonably believes to be a violation of, any pro-
12	vision of the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act
13	(43 U.S.C. 1301 et seq.), or any order, rule,
14	regulation, standard, or prohibition under that
15	Act, or exercised any rights provided to employ-
16	ees under that Act;
17	(B) testified or is about to testify in a pro-
18	ceeding concerning such violation;
19	(C) assisted or participated or is about to
20	assist or participate in such a proceeding;
21	(D) testified or is about to testify before
22	Congress on any matter covered by such Act;
23	(E) objected to, or refused to participate in
24	any activity, policy, practice, or assigned task
25	that the covered employee reasonably believed

1	to be in violation of any provision of such Act,
2	or any order, rule, regulation, standard, or ban
3	under such Act;
4	(F) reported to the employer or a State or
5	Federal Government official any of the fol-
6	lowing related to the employer's activities de-
7	scribed in section 3(1): an illness, injury, unsafe
8	condition, or information regarding the ade-
9	quacy of any oil spill response plan required by
10	law; or
11	(G) refused to perform the covered employ-
12	ee's duties, or exercised stop work authority, re-
13	lated to the employer's activities described in
14	section 3(1) if the covered employee had a good
15	faith belief that performing such duties could
16	result in injury to or impairment of the health
17	of the covered employee or other employees, or
18	cause an oil spill to the environment.
19	(2) Good faith belief.—For purposes of
20	paragraph (1)(E), the circumstances causing the
21	covered employee's good faith belief that performing
22	such duties would pose a health and safety hazard
23	shall be of such a nature that a reasonable person
24	under circumstances confronting the covered em-
25	ployee would conclude there is such a hazard.

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1 (b) Proces	ss.—
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(1) IN GENERAL.—A covered employee who believes that he or she has been discharged or otherwise discriminated against (hereafter referred to as the "complainant") by any employer in violation of subsection (a)(1) may, not later than 180 days after the date on which such alleged violation occurs or the date on which the covered employee knows or should reasonably have known that such alleged violation occurred, file (or have any person file on his or her behalf) a complaint with the Secretary of Labor (referred to in this section as the "Secretary") alleging such discharge or discrimination and identifying employer or employers responsible for such act. Upon receipt of such a complaint, the Secretary shall notify, in writing, the employer or employers named in the complaint of the filing of the complaint, of the allegations contained in the complaint, of the substance of evidence supporting the complaint, and of the opportunities that will be afforded to such person under paragraph (2).

## (2) Investigation.—

(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days after the date of receipt of a complaint filed under paragraph (1) the Secretary shall initiate

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an investigation and determine whether there is reasonable cause to believe that the complaint has merit and notify, in writing, the complainant and the employer or employers alleged to have committed a violation of subsection (a)(1) of the Secretary's findings. The Secretary shall, during such investigation afford the complainant and the employer or employers named in the complaint an opportunity to submit to the Secretary a written response to the complaint and an opportunity to meet with a representative of the Secretary to present statements from witnesses. The complainant shall be provided with an opportunity to review the information and evidence provided by employer or employers to the Secretary, and to review any response or rebuttal by such the complaint, as part of such investigation. (B) Reasonable cause found; prelimi-NARY ORDER.—If the Secretary concludes that there is reasonable cause to believe that a violation of subsection (a)(1) has occurred, the Secretary shall accompany the Secretary's findings with a preliminary order providing the relief prescribed by paragraph (3)(B). Not later than

1	30 days after the date of notification of find-
2	ings under this paragraph, the employer or em-
3	ployers alleged to have committed the violation
4	or the complainant may file objections to the
5	findings or preliminary order, or both, and re-
6	quest a hearing on the record before an admin-
7	istrative law judge of the Department of Labor.
8	The filing of such objections shall not operate
9	to stay any reinstatement remedy contained in
10	the preliminary order. Any such hearing shall
11	be conducted expeditiously. If a hearing is not
12	requested in such 30-day period, the prelimi-
13	nary order shall be deemed a final order that is
14	not subject to judicial review. The Secretary of
15	Labor is authorized to enforce preliminary rein-
16	statement orders in the United States district
17	court for the district in which the violation was
18	found to occur, or in the United States district
19	court for the District of Columbia.
20	(C) DISMISSAL OF COMPLAINT.—
21	(i) STANDARD FOR COMPLAINANT.—
22	The Secretary shall dismiss a complaint
23	filed under this subsection and shall not
24	conduct an investigation otherwise required
25	under subparagraph (A) unless the com-

1	plainant makes a prima facie showing that
2	any behavior described in subparagraphs
3	(A) through (G) of subsection (a)(1) was a
4	contributing factor in the adverse action
5	alleged in the complaint.
6	(ii) Standard for employer.—Not-
7	withstanding a finding by the Secretary
8	that the complainant has made the show-
9	ing required under clause (i), no investiga-
10	tion otherwise required under subpara-
11	graph (A) shall be conducted if the em-
12	ployer demonstrates, by clear and con-
13	vincing evidence, that the employer would
14	have taken the same adverse action in the
15	absence of that behavior.
16	(iii) Violation standard.—The
17	Secretary may determine that a violation
18	of subsection (a)(1) has occurred only if
19	the complainant demonstrates that any be-
20	havior described in subparagraphs (A)
21	through (G) of such subsection was a con-
22	tributing factor in the adverse action al-
23	leged in the complaint.
24	(iv) Relief standard.—Relief may
25	not be ordered under subparagraph (A) if

1	the employer demonstrates by clear and
2	convincing evidence that the employer
3	would have taken the same adverse action
4	in the absence of that behavior.
5	(3) Orders.—
6	(A) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 90 days
7	after the receipt of a request for a hearing
8	under subsection (b)(2)(B), the administrative
9	law judge shall issue findings of fact and order
10	the relief provided under this paragraph or
11	deny the complaint. At any time before issuance
12	of an order, a proceeding under this subsection
13	may be terminated on the basis of a settlement
14	agreement entered into by the Secretary, the
15	complainant, and the person alleged to have
16	committed the violation. Such a settlement may
17	not be agreed by such parties if it contains con-
18	ditions which conflict with rights protected
19	under this Act, are contrary to public policy, or
20	include a restriction on a complainant's right to
21	future employment with employers other than
22	the specific employers named in the complaint.
23	(B) Content of order.—If, in response
24	to a complaint filed under paragraph (1), the

administrative law judge determines that a vio-

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1	lation of subsection (a)(1) has occurred, the ad-
2	ministrative law judge shall order the employer
3	or employers who committed such violation to—
4	(i) take affirmative action to abate the
5	violation;
6	(ii) reinstate the complainant to his or
7	her former position together with com-
8	pensation (including back pay and prejudg-
9	ment interest) and restore the terms, con-
10	ditions, and privileges associated with his
11	or her employment;
12	(iii) expunge of all warnings, rep-
13	rimands, or derogatory references that
14	have been placed in paper or electronic
15	records or databases of any type relating
16	to the actions by the complainant that
17	gave rise to the unfavorable personnel ac-
18	tion, and, at the complainant's direction,
19	transmit of a copy of the decision on the
20	complaint to any person whom the com-
21	plainant reasonably believes may have re-
22	ceived such unfavorable information; and
23	(iv) provide compensatory and con-
24	sequential damages, and, as appropriate,
25	exemplary damages to the complainant.

1	(C) Attorney fees.—If such an order is
2	issued under this paragraph, the Secretary, at
3	the request of the complainant, shall assess
4	against the employer or employers a sum equal
5	to the aggregate amount of all costs and ex-
6	penses (including attorneys' and expert witness
7	fees) reasonably incurred by the complainant
8	for, or in connection with, the bringing of the
9	complaint upon which the order was issued at
10	the conclusion of any stage of the proceeding.
11	(D) BAD FAITH CLAIM.—If the Secretary
12	finds that a complaint under paragraph (1) is
13	frivolous or has been brought in bad faith, the
14	Secretary may award to the prevailing employer
15	reasonable attorneys' fees, not exceeding
16	\$1,000, to be paid by the complainant.
17	(E) Administrative appeal.—Not later
18	than 30 days after the receipt of findings of
19	fact or an order under subparagraph (B), the
20	employer or employers alleged to have com-
21	mitted the violation or the complainant may
22	file, with objections, an administrative appeal
23	with the Secretary, who may designate such ap-
24	peal to a review board. In reviewing a decision
25	and order of the administrative law judge, the

1	Secretary shall affirm the decision and order if
2	it is determined that the factual findings set
3	forth therein are supported by substantial evi-
4	dence and the decision and order are made in
5	accordance with applicable law. The Secretary
6	shall issue a final decision and order affirming,
7	or reversing, in whole or in part, the decision
8	under review within 90 days after receipt of the
9	administrative appeal under this subparagraph.
10	If it is determined that a violation of subsection
11	(a)(1) has occurred, the Secretary shall order
12	relief provided under subparagraphs (B) and
13	(C). Such decision shall constitute a final agen-
14	cy action with respect to the matter appealed.
15	(4) ACTION IN COURT.—
16	(A) In General.—If the Secretary has
17	not issued a final decision within 330 days after
18	the filing of the complaint, the complainant
19	may bring an action at law or equity for de
20	novo review in the appropriate district court of
21	the United States, which action shall, at the re-
22	quest of either party to such action, be tried by
23	the court with a jury. The proceedings shall be
24	governed by the same legal burdens of proof
25	specified in paragraph (2)(C).

1	(B) Relief.—The court may award all
2	appropriate relief including injunctive relief,
3	compensatory and consequential damages, in-
4	cluding—
5	(i) reinstatement with the same se-
6	niority status that the covered employee
7	would have had, but for the discharge or
8	discrimination;
9	(ii) the amount of back pay sufficient
10	to make the covered employee whole, with
11	prejudgment interest;
12	(iii) expungement of all warnings, rep-
13	rimands, or derogatory references that
14	have been placed in paper or electronic
15	records or databases of any type relating
16	to the actions by the complainant that
17	gave rise to the unfavorable personnel ac-
18	tion, and, at the complainant's direction,
19	transmission of a copy of the decision on
20	the complaint to any person whom the
21	complainant reasonably believes may have
22	received such unfavorable information; and
23	(iv) exemplary damages, as appro-
24	priate; and

1	(v) litigation costs, including reason-
2	able attorney fees and expert witness fees.
3	(5) Review.—
4	(A) In General.—Any person aggrieved
5	by a final order issued under paragraph (3) or
6	a judgment or order under paragraph (4) may
7	obtain review of the order in the appropriate
8	United States Court of Appeals. The petition
9	for review must be filed not later than 60 days
10	after the date of the issuance of the final order
11	of the Secretary. Review shall be in accordance
12	with chapter 7 of title 5, United States Code.
13	The commencement of proceedings under this
14	subparagraph shall not, unless ordered by the
15	court, operate as a stay of the order.
16	(B) No other judicial review.—An
17	order of the Secretary with respect to which re-
18	view could have been obtained under subpara-
19	graph (A) shall not be subject to judicial review
20	in any other proceeding.
21	(6) Failure to comply with order.—When-
22	ever any employer has failed to comply with an order
23	issued under paragraph (3), the Secretary may ob-
24	tain in a civil action in the United States district
25	court for the district in which the violation was

1	found to occur, or in the United States district court
2	for the District of Columbia, all appropriate relief
3	including, but not limited to, injunctive relief and
4	compensatory damages.
5	(7) Civil action to require compliance.—
6	(A) In General.—Whenever an employer
7	has failed to comply with an order issued under
8	paragraph (3), the complainant on whose behalf
9	the order was issued may obtain in a civil ac-
10	tion in an appropriate United States district
11	court against the employer to whom the order
12	was issued, all appropriate relief.
13	(B) AWARD.—The court, in issuing any
14	final order under this paragraph, may award
15	costs of litigation (including reasonable attor-
16	neys' and expert witness fees) to any party
17	whenever the court determines such award is
18	appropriate.
19	(c) Construction.—
20	(1) Effect on other laws.—Nothing in this
21	section preempts or diminishes any other safeguards
22	against discrimination, demotion, discharge, suspen-
23	sion, threats, harassment, reprimand, retaliation, or
24	any other manner of discrimination provided by Fed-
25	eral or State law.

1	(2) Rights of employees.—Nothing in this
2	section shall be construed to diminish the rights,
3	privileges, or remedies of any employee under any
4	Federal or State law or under any collective bar-
5	gaining agreement. The rights and remedies in this
6	section may not be waived by any agreement, policy,
7	form, or condition of employment.
8	(d) Enforcement of Nondiscretionary Du-
9	TIES.—Any nondiscretionary duty imposed by this section
10	shall be enforceable in a mandamus proceeding brought
11	under section 1361 of title 28, United States Code.
12	(e) Posting of Notice and Training.—All em-
13	ployers shall post a notice which has been approved as to
14	form and content by the Secretary of Labor in a con-
15	spicuous location in the place of employment where cov-
16	ered employees frequent which explains employee rights
17	and remedies under this section. Each employer shall pro-
18	vide training to covered employees of their rights under
19	this section within 30 days of employment, and at not less
20	than once every 12 months thereafter, and provide covered
21	employees with a card which contains a toll free telephone
22	number at the Department of Labor which covered em-
23	ployees can call to get information or file a complaint
24	under this section.

1	(f) Designation by the Secretary.—The Sec-
2	retary of Labor shall, within 30 days of the date of enact-
3	ment of this Act, designate by order the appropriate agen-
4	cy officials to receive, investigate, and adjudicate com-
5	plaints of violations of subsection (a)(1).
6	SEC. 3. DEFINITIONS.
7	As used in this Act the following definitions apply:
8	(1) The term "covered employee"—
9	(A) means an individual performing serv-
10	ices on behalf of an employer that is engaged
11	in activities on or in waters above the Outer
12	Continental Shelf related to—
13	(i) supporting, or carrying out explo-
14	ration, development, production, proc-
15	essing, or transportation of oil or gas; or
16	(ii) oil spill cleanup, emergency re-
17	sponse, environmental surveillance, protec-
18	tion, or restoration, or other oil spill activi-
19	ties related to occupational safety and
20	health; and
21	(B) includes an applicant for such employ-
22	ment.
23	(2) The term "employer" means one or more
24	individuals, partnerships, associations, corporations,
25	trusts, unincorporated organizations, nongovern-

1	mental organizations, or trustees, and includes any
2	agent, contractor, subcontractor, grantee or consult-
3	ant of such employer.
4	(3) The term "Outer Continental Shelf" has
5	the meaning that the term "outer Continental Shelf"
6	has in the Outer Continental Shelf Lands Act (43
7	USC 1331 et seg )